

Crop Report

30-Sep-2022

Nicole Baty: Cootra

Crop: Barley Cultivar: Spartacus

Sowing details: 150 plants/m² on 2-May Expected maturity date: 3-Oct

Paddock Details

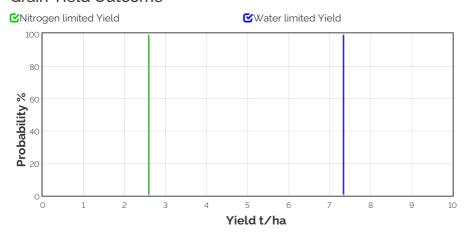
Initial conditions date: 26-May

Soil: ResEP- Cootra Sand over clay

1100 mm max rooting depth

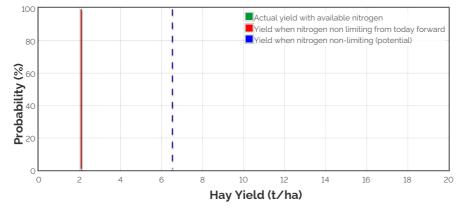
Stubble: 2500 kg/ha of Wheat No till

Grain Yield Outcome



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each year of the climate record. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

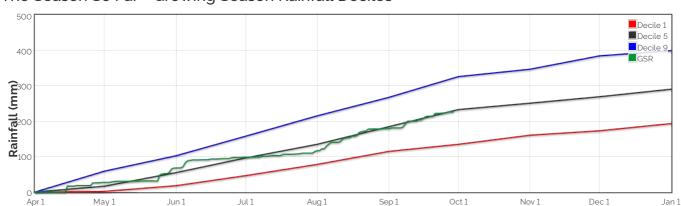
Hay Yield Outcome



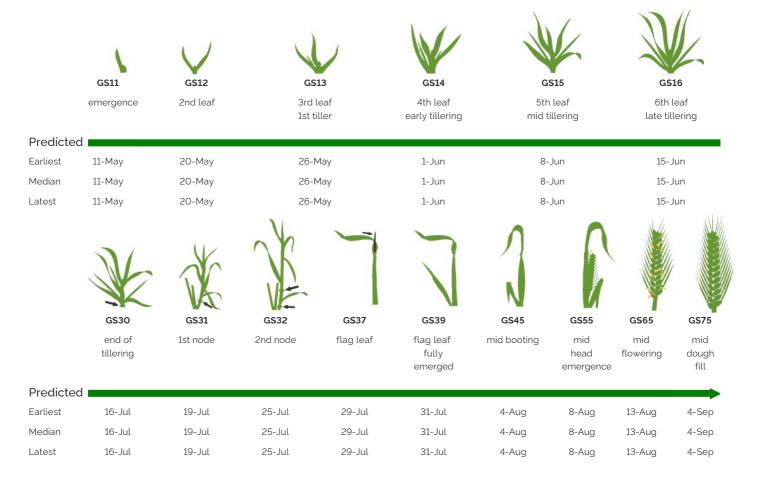
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 7018.5kg/ha

The Season So Far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles



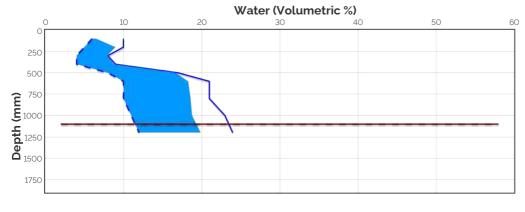
Simulated and Predicted Crop Growth Stage



Probability and Incidence of Frost and Heat Shock

| Frost damage during flowering | | | | Heat damage | Heat damage during grain fill | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Probability | Prol | Probability | | This Season | | | |
| mild 2 to 0°C during | | 37% | 0 | mild 32 to 34°C | 4% | 0 | |
| flowering | | 40/ | | moderate 34 to 36°C | 0% | 0 | |
| moderate 0 to -2°C during flowering & early grain fill | | 1% | 0 | severe Above 36°C | 0% | 0 | |
| SeVere Less than -2°C during flowering & grain fill | O% O | | | | | | |

Current Distribution of PAW



PAW
PAW Deficit
CLL
DUL
Current rooting depth
Final rooting depth

Current root depth = 1100 mm Median final root depth = 1100 mm Current crop PAW available to roots = 74 mm Total Soil PAW = 82 mm

PAWC = 108 mm

PAW = Plant Available Water

CLL = Crop Lower Limit or Wilting Point

DUL - Drained Upper Limit or Field Capacity

PAWC = Plant Available Water Capacity

Current Crop PAW = Soil water currently accessible to the roots down to the current rooting depth

Soil PAW = Total accessible soil water in the soil profile

Water Budget

Initial PAW status @ 26-May Rainfall since 26-May Irrigations Evaporation since 26-May Transpiration since 26-May Deep drainage since 26-May Run-off since 26-May

Current PAW status:

110 mm 175.1 mm 95 mm 89 mm 27 mm 0 mm

82 mm

31 kg/ha

1 kg/ha

12 kg/ha

69 kg/ha

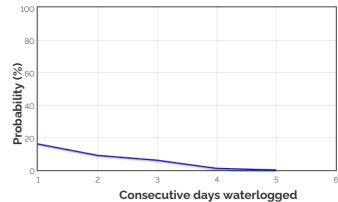
0 kg/ha

2 kg/ha

14 kg/ha

2-May : 27.6 kg/ha 6-Jul : 46 kg/ha

Probability of Future Waterlogging Events



Nitrogen Budget

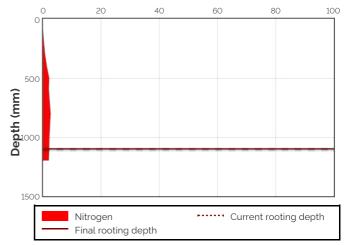
Initial N status @ 26-May N mineralisation since 26-May N tie up since 26-May N applications

Total N in plant De-nitrification since 26-May Leaching since 26-May

Current N status:

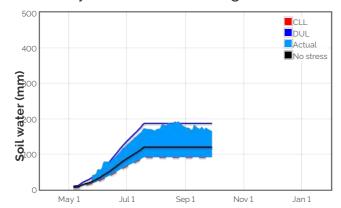
Median N mineralisation to maturity = 0.0825 kg/ha Median N tie up to maturity = 0 kg/ha

Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)

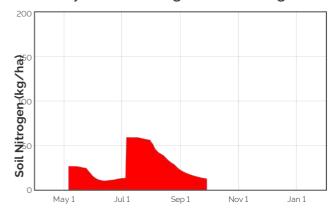


Current Crop Available N = 12 kg/ha Total Soil N = 14 kg/ha

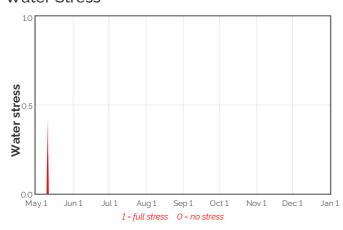
Availability of Water to Growing Roots



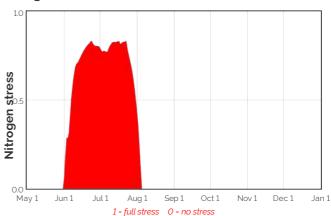
Availability of Soil Nitrogen to Growing Roots



Water Stress



Nitrogen Stress



Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

Median projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser

| Date | Growth | Evap. | Water | N use | Water avail. to roots | Water avail. to roots | N avail. | MineralisationN tie up | |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------------|---------|
| | Stage | (mm) | use | (kg/ha) | above stress threshold | above CLL (mm) | to roots | (kg/ha) | (kg/ha) |
| | | | (mm) | | (mm) | | (kg/ha) | | |
| 1-Oct | 87.0 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 38.2 | 67.0 | 11.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2-Oct | 89.6 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 36.4 | 65.2 | 11.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2-Oct | 90.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 35.8 | 64.6 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3-Oct | 100.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 35.0 | 63.8 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 4-Oct | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -2.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 5-Oct | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -2.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 6-Oct | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 7-Oct | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 8-Oct | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 9-Oct | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -3.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

Bureau of Meteorology Seasonal and Monthly Outlooks

