

Crop Report

16-Sep-2024 Andrew H Ware: Cleve

Paddock Details

Initial conditions date: 22-Feb

Soil: Red sandy loam over clay (Lock No321) 1000 mm max rooting depth Stubble: 1000 kg/ha of Canola No till

Grain Yield Outcome

☑Nitrogen limited Yield

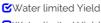
ONitrogen limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects

Crop: Wheat

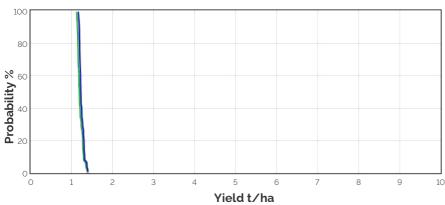
Cultivar: Calibre

Sowing details: 150 plants/m² on 1-Jun

Expected maturity date: 18-Nov

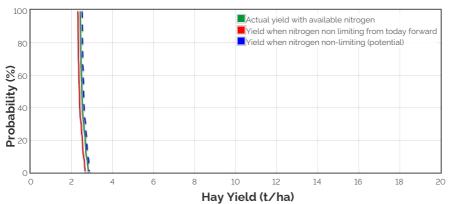


• Water limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects



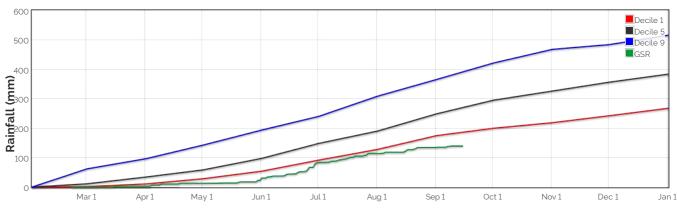
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each year of the climate record. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

Hay Yield Outcome



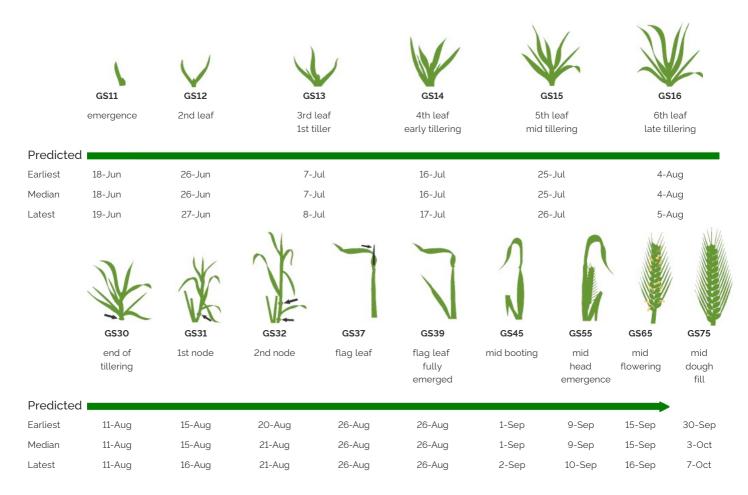
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 3131.555127258082kg/ha



The Season So Far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles

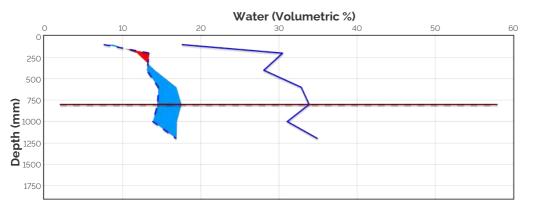
Simulated and Predicted Crop Growth Stage

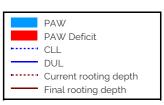


Probability and Incidence of Frost and Heat Shock

Frost damage during flowering Probability This Season				Heat damage during grain fill		
				Probability		This Season
mild 2 to 0°C during		1%	0	mild 32 to 34°C	35%	0
flowering		0%	•	moderate 34 to 36°C	20%	0
moderate 0 to -2°C during flowering & early grain fill		0%	0	Severe Above 36°C	10%	0
Severe O Less than -2°C during flowering & grain fill	% 0					

Current Distribution of PAW





Current root depth - 800 mm Median final root depth - 800 mm Current crop PAW available to roots = 13 mm Total Soil PAW = 14 mm PAWC = 132 mm

PAW = Plant Available Water

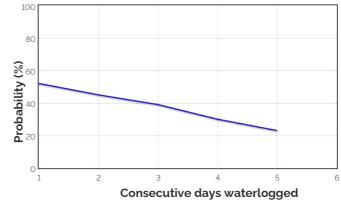
- CLL = Crop Lower Limit or Wilting Point
- DUL = Drained Upper Limit or Field Capacity
- **PAWC** = Plant Available Water Capacity

Current Crop PAW - Soil water currently accessible to the roots down to the current rooting depth Soil PAW - Total accessible soil water in the soil profile

Water Budget

Current PAW status:	14 mm	40 A0
Run-off since 22-Feb	0 mm	40 Pility
Deep drainage since 22-Feb	0 mm	8 60
Transpiration since 22-Feb	104 mm	
Evaporation since 22-Feb	138 mm	80
Irrigations		80
Rainfall since 22-Feb	139.5 mm	
Initial PAW status @ 22-Feb	63 mm	100

Probability of Future Waterlogging Events

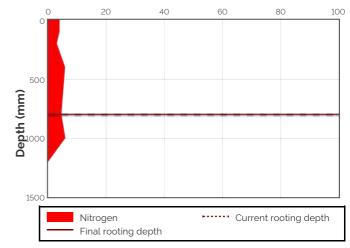


Nitrogen Budget

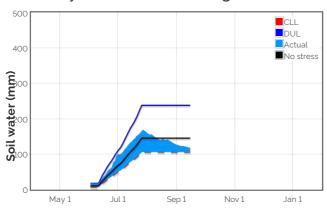
Initial N status @ 22-Feb N mineralisation since 22-Feb N tie up since 22-Feb N applications	33 kg/ha 118 kg/ha 0 kg/ha
	1-Jun : 14 kg/ha 19-Jun : 25 kg/ha 27-Jul : 10 kg/ha
Total N in plant De-nitrification since 22-Feb Leaching since 22-Feb	69 kg/ha 0 kg/ha 0 kg/ha 0 kg/ha
Current N status:	29 kg/ha

Median N mineralisation to maturity = 85.7127278125285 kg/ha Median N tie up to maturity = 0 kg/ha

Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)

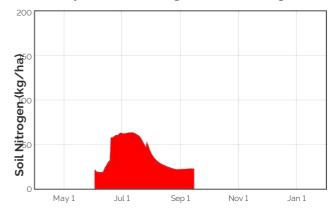


Current Crop Available N = 23 kg/ha Total Soil N = 29 kg/ha

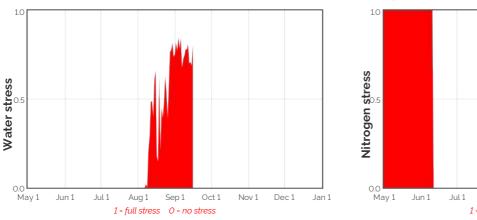


Availability of Water to Growing Roots

Availability of Soil Nitrogen to Growing Roots



Water Stress



Nitrogen May 1 Jun 1 Jul 1 Aug 1 Sep 1 Oct 1 Nov 1 Dec 1 Jan 1 1= full stress 0 = no stress

Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

Nitrogen Stress

Median projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser

Date Growth		Evap.	Water	N use	Water avail. to roots	Water avail. to roots	N avail.	MineralisationN tie up	
	Stage	(mm)	use	(kg/ha)	above stress threshold	above CLL (mm)	to roots	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha)
			(mm)		(mm)		(kg/ha)		
17-Sep	66.6	0.3	0.8	0.0	-21.1	18.6	23.1	0.5	0.0
18-Sep	67.3	0.2	0.6	0.0	-21.6	18.2	23.1	0.5	0.0
19-Sep	68.0	0.2	0.6	0.0	-22.0	17.8	23.1	0.5	0.0
20-Sep	68.7	0.2	0.5	0.0	-22.4	17.4	23.2	0.5	0.0
21-Sep	69.4	0.2	0.5	0.0	-22.7	17.0	23.3	0.5	0.0
22-Sep	70.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	-23.1	16.6	23.3	0.5	0.0
23-Sep	71.0	0.2	0.4	-0.2	-23.4	16.3	23.2	0.5	0.0
24-Sep	71.4	0.2	0.3	-0.3	-23.8	16.0	23.0	0.5	0.0
25-Sep	71.8	0.2	0.2	-0.2	-24.1	15.6	22.8	0.5	0.0
26-Sep	72.3	0.2	0.2	-0.2	-24.4	15.3	22.7	0.5	0.0

The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

Bureau of Meteorology Seasonal and Monthly Outlooks

