



Crop Report

26-Jul-2023

Andrew H Ware:
Cockaleecheie

Crop: Canola

Cultivar: Variety44Y90

Sowing details: 25 plants/m² on 2-May

Expected maturity date: 1-Oct

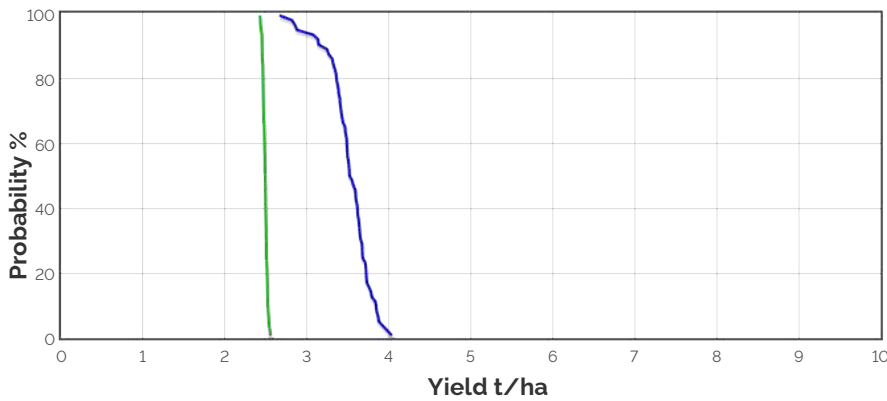
Paddock Details

Initial conditions date: 2-Apr

Soil: Clay Loam over Loamy Medium Clay (Yeelanna No590)
1400 mm max rooting depth
Stubble: 7000 kg/ha of Wheat
No till

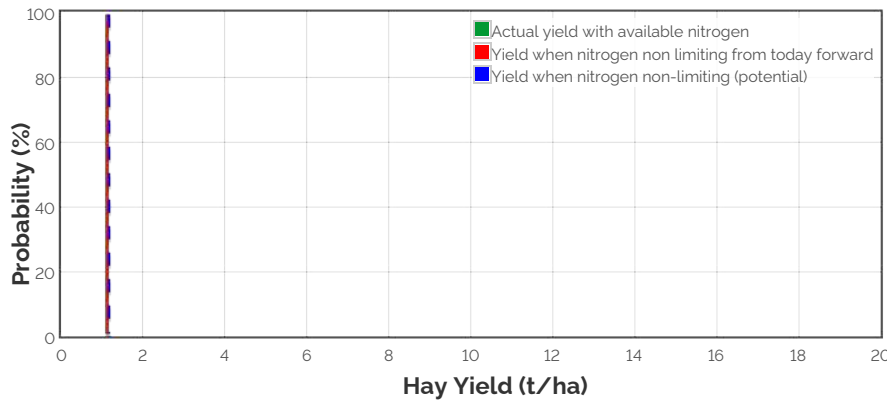
Grain Yield Outcome

- Nitrogen limited Yield
- Water limited Yield
- Nitrogen limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects
- Water limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each year of the climate record. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

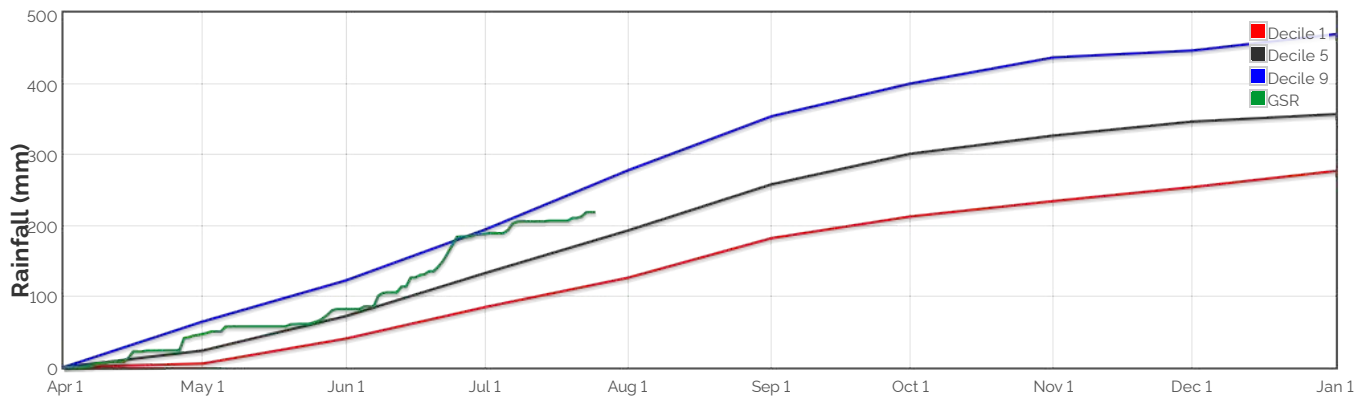
Hay Yield Outcome



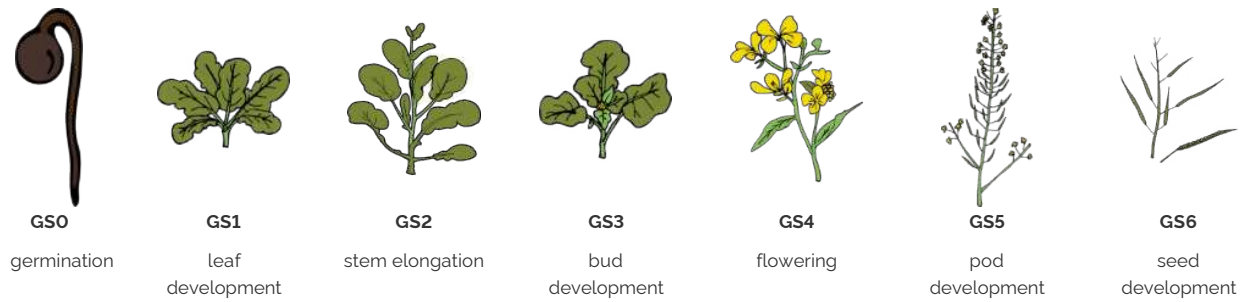
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 3225.4kg/ha

The Season So Far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles



Simulated and Predicted Crop Growth Stage



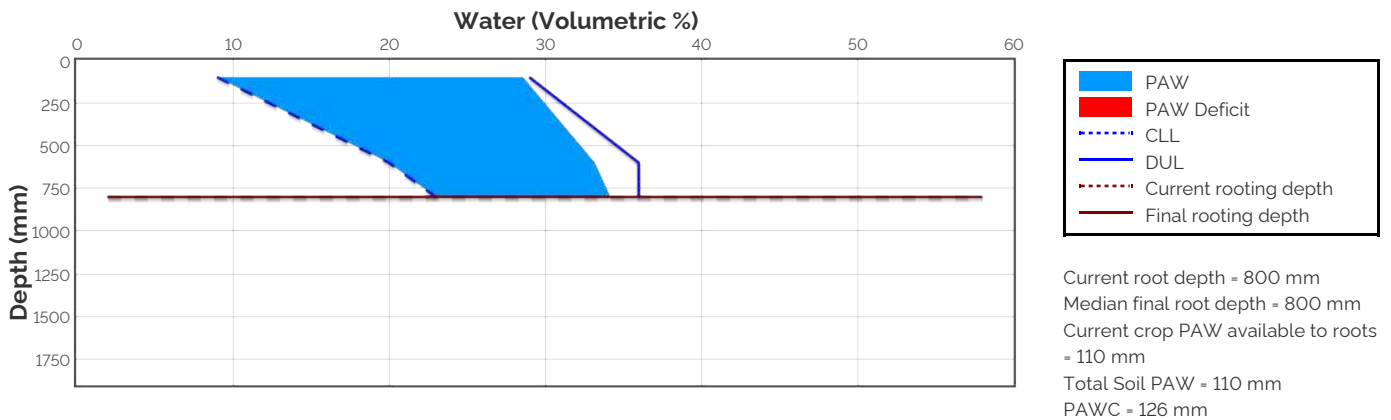
Predicted

Earliest	4-May	5-May	22-May	20-Jun	12-Jul	29-Jul	20-Sep
Median	4-May	5-May	22-May	20-Jun	12-Jul	31-Jul	27-Sep
Latest	4-May	5-May	22-May	20-Jun	12-Jul	1-Aug	3-Oct

Probability and Incidence of Frost and Heat Shock

Frost damage during flowering				Heat damage during grain fill			
	Probability	This Season			Probability	This Season	
mild 2 to 0°C during flowering		32%	0	mild 32 to 34°C	1%	0	
moderate 0 to -2°C during flowering & early grain fill		2%	0	moderate 34 to 36°C	0%	0	
severe Less than -2°C during flowering & grain fill		0%	0	severe Above 36°C	0%	0	

Current Distribution of PAW



PAW = Plant Available Water
CLL = Crop Lower Limit or Wilting Point
DUL = Drained Upper Limit or Field Capacity
PAWC = Plant Available Water Capacity
Current Crop PAW = Soil water currently accessible to the roots down to the current rooting depth
Soil PAW = Total accessible soil water in the soil profile

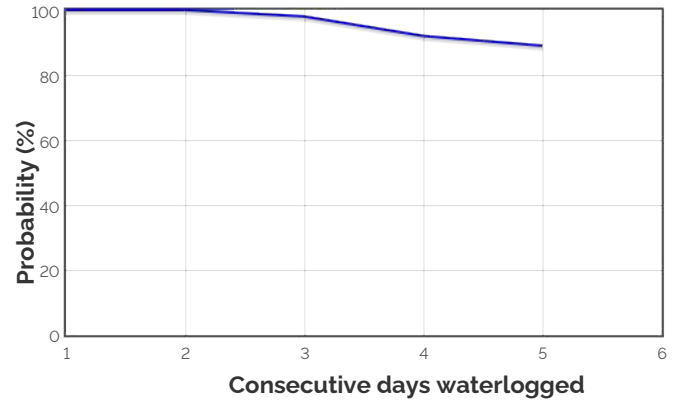
Water Budget

Initial PAW status @ 2-Apr
 Rainfall since 2-Apr
 Irrigations
 Evaporation since 2-Apr
 Transpiration since 2-Apr
 Deep drainage since 2-Apr
 Run-off since 2-Apr

92 mm
 219.1 mm
 89 mm
 39 mm
 73 mm
 0 mm
110 mm

Current PAW status:

Probability of Future Waterlogging Events



Nitrogen Budget

Initial N status @ 2-Apr
 N mineralisation since 2-Apr
 N tie up since 2-Apr
 N applications

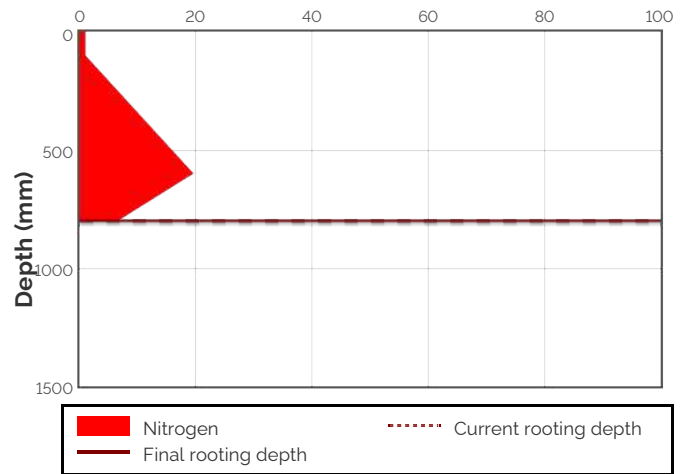
69 kg/ha
 2 kg/ha
 50 kg/ha
 2-May : 22 kg/ha
 24-May : 50.6 kg/ha
 20-Jun : 55.6 kg/ha
 26-Jun : 53 kg/ha
 144 kg/ha
 4 kg/ha
 19 kg/ha
35 kg/ha

Total N in plant
 De-nitrification since 2-Apr
 Leaching since 2-Apr

Current N status:

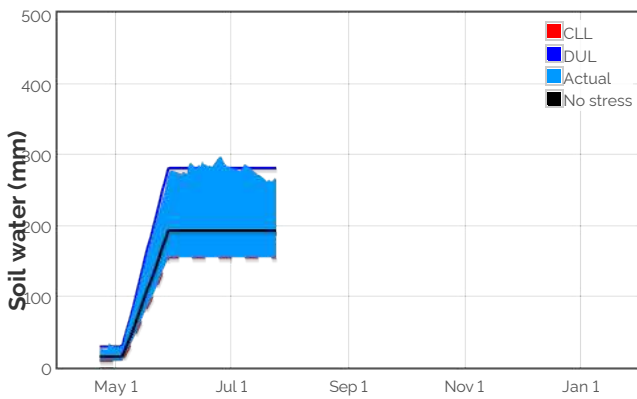
Median N mineralisation to maturity = 3.907 kg/ha
 Median N tie up to maturity = 0.544 kg/ha

Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)

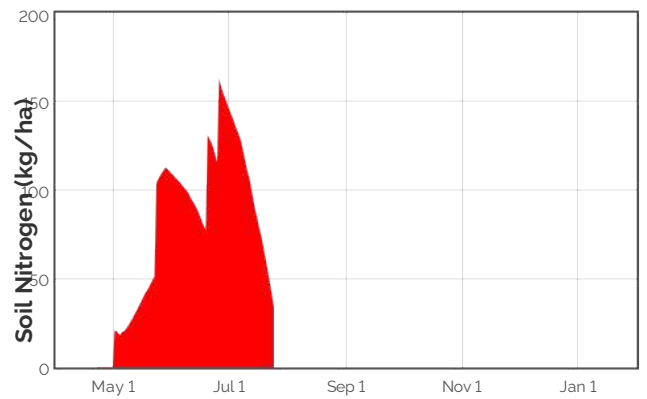


Current Crop Available N = 34 kg/ha
 Total Soil N = 35 kg/ha

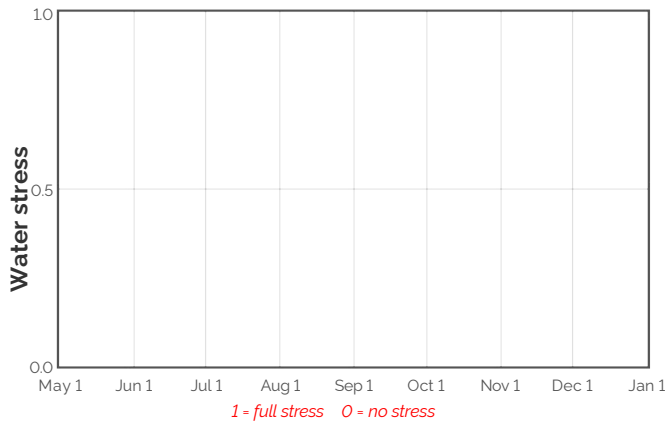
Availability of Water to Growing Roots



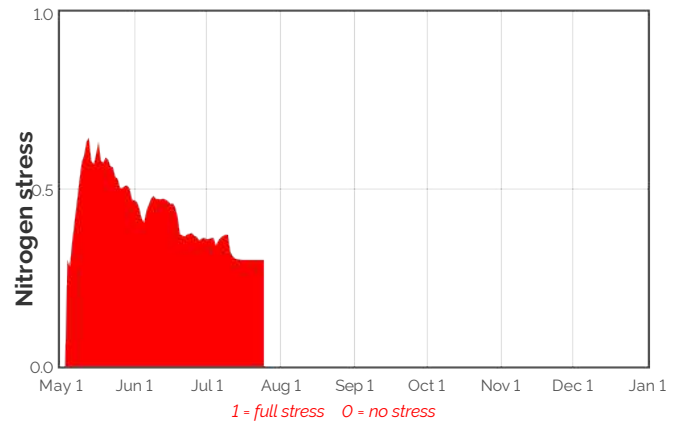
Availability of Soil Nitrogen to Growing Roots



Water Stress



Nitrogen Stress



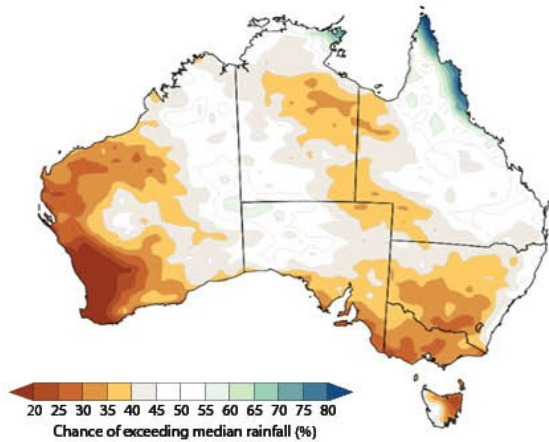
Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

Median projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser

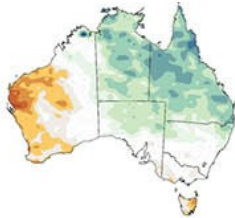
Date	Growth Stage	Evap. (mm)	Water use (mm)	N use (kg/ha)	Water avail. to roots above stress threshold (mm)	Water avail. to roots above CLL (mm)	N avail. to roots (kg/ha)	Mineralisation (kg/ha)	N tie up (kg/ha)
27-Jul	16.0	0.3	1.3	4.1	67.8	105.6	17.3	0.0	0.2
28-Jul	16.0	0.3	1.3	3.3	66.3	104.1	14.1	0.1	0.0
29-Jul	16.0	0.3	1.3	2.7	64.5	102.3	11.5	0.1	0.0
30-Jul	16.0	0.3	1.4	2.2	62.6	100.4	9.5	0.1	0.0
31-Jul	16.0	0.3	1.3	1.7	61.0	98.8	7.8	0.1	0.0
1-Aug	16.0	0.3	1.3	1.4	58.8	96.6	6.5	0.1	0.0
2-Aug	16.0	0.3	1.5	1.2	57.2	95.0	5.4	0.1	0.0
3-Aug	16.0	0.3	1.4	1.0	55.8	93.6	4.5	0.1	0.0
4-Aug	16.0	0.3	1.4	0.8	53.8	91.6	3.7	0.1	0.0
5-Aug	16.0	0.3	1.3	0.7	52.4	90.2	3.1	0.1	0.0

The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

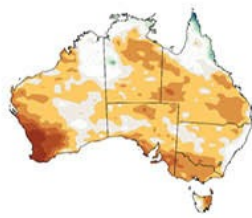
3 MONTH RAINFALL OUTLOOK FOR JULY TO SEPTEMBER



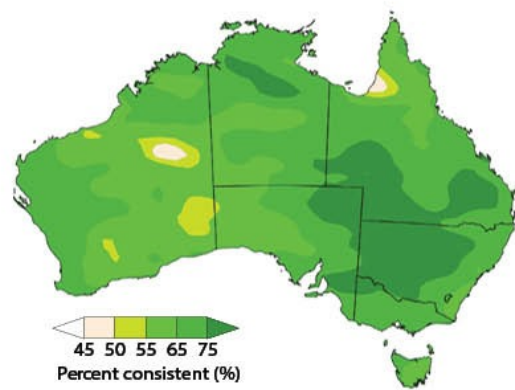
JULY RAINFALL OUTLOOK



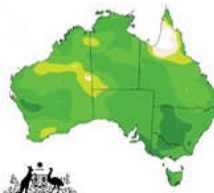
AUGUST RAINFALL OUTLOOK



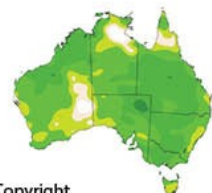
PAST ACCURACY FOR JULY TO SEPTEMBER



PAST ACCURACY FOR JULY



PAST ACCURACY FOR AUGUST



Australian Government
Bureau of Meteorology

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