

## Crop Report

☑ Water limited Yield

## 26-Jul-2023 Andrew H Ware: Lock

#### Paddock Details

Initial conditions date: 8-Jun

Soil: Sandy Loam (Tuckey No348) 800 mm max rooting depth Stubble: 3000 kg/ha of Wheat No till

OWater limited Yield with Frost and heat

#### Grain Yield Outcome



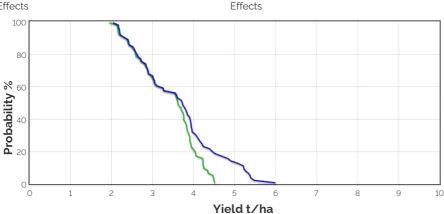
ONitrogen limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects

Crop: Wheat

Cultivar: Scepter

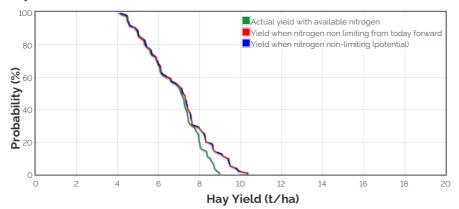
Sowing details: 150 plants/m<sup>2</sup> on 6-May

Expected maturity date: 10-Nov



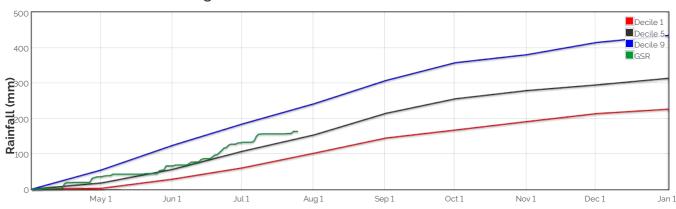
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each year of the climate record. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

#### Hay Yield Outcome



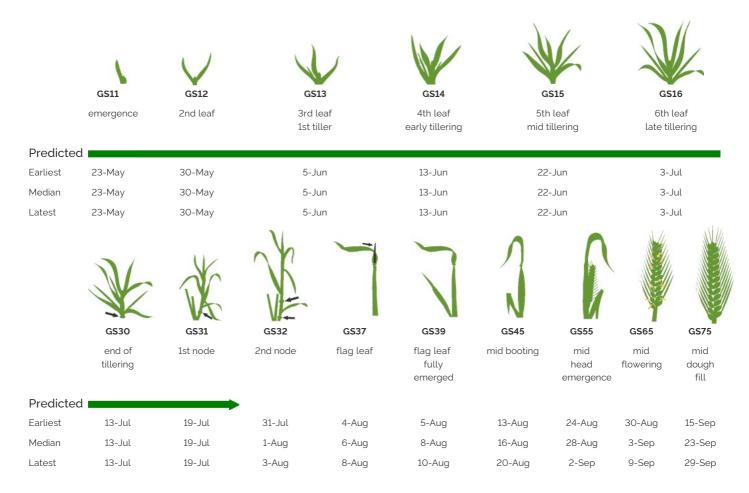
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 3769.6067180662867kg/ha



#### The Season So Far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles

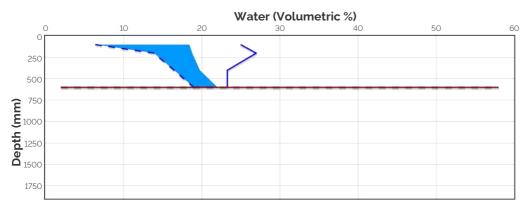
## Simulated and Predicted Crop Growth Stage

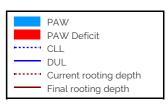


#### Probability and Incidence of Frost and Heat Shock

Frost damage during flowering				Heat damage during grain fill			
Probability This Season				Prol	Probability		
mild 2 to 0°C during		41%	0	mild 32 to 34°C	22%	0	
flowering		001		moderate 34 to 36°C	13%	0	
moderate 0 to -2°C during flowering & early grain fill		0%	0	severe Above 36°C	2%	0	
Severe Less than -2'C during flowering & grain fill	0% <b>0</b>						

#### Current Distribution of PAW





Current root depth = 600 mm Median final root depth = 600 mm Current crop PAW available to roots = 30 mm Total Soil PAW = 30 mm PAWC = 54 mm

PAW = Plant Available Water

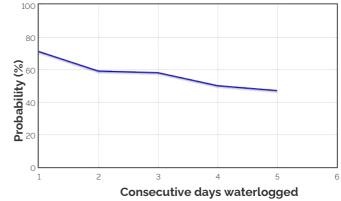
- CLL = Crop Lower Limit or Wilting Point
- DUL = Drained Upper Limit or Field Capacity
- **PAWC** = Plant Available Water Capacity

Current Crop PAW - Soil water currently accessible to the roots down to the current rooting depth Soil PAW - Total accessible soil water in the soil profile

#### Water Budget

Current PAW status:	30 mm	10 40
Run-off since 8-Jun	0 mm	lity
Deep drainage since 8-Jun	27 mm	8 60
Transpiration since 8-Jun	54 mm	
Evaporation since 8-Jun	38 mm	80
Irrigations		80
Rainfall since 8-Jun	95.1 mm	
Initial PAW status @ 8-Jun	43 mm	100

#### Probability of Future Waterlogging Events

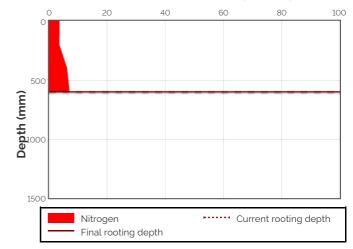


#### Nitrogen Budget

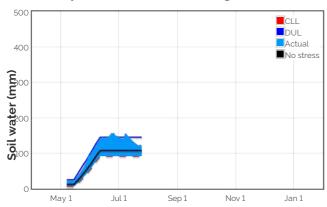
Initial N status @ 8-Jun N mineralisation since 8-Jun N tie up since 8-Jun	78 kg/ha 9 kg/ha 0 kg/ha
N applications	4-May : 17 kg/ha
	9-Jun : 55.2 kg/ha
	29-Jun : 19 kg/ha
Total N in plant	13 kg/ha
De-nitrification since 8-Jun	0 kg/ha
Leaching since 8-Jun	10 kg/ha
Current N status:	23 kg/ha

Median N mineralisation to maturity = 40.7143911413042 kg/ha Median N tie up to maturity = 0 kg/ha

Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)



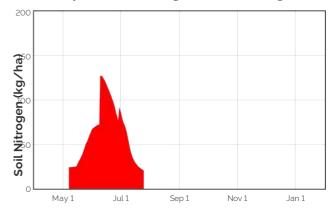
Current Crop Available N = 20 kg/ha Total Soil N = 23 kg/ha



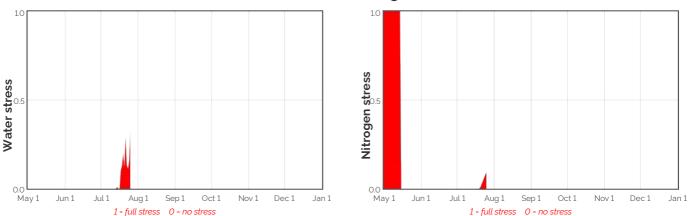
Water Stress

#### Availability of Water to Growing Roots

### Availability of Soil Nitrogen to Growing Roots



#### Nitrogen Stress



Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

# Median projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser

Date	Growth	Evap.	Water	N use	Water avail. to roots	Water avail. to roots	N avail.	MineralisationN tie up	
	Stage	(mm)	use	(kg/ha)	above stress threshold	above CLL (mm)	to roots	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha)
			(mm)		(mm)		(kg/ha)		
27-Jul	31.8	0.4	1.5	-0.6	11.9	28.1	19.8	0.2	0.0
28-Jul	31.8	0.4	1.6	-0.6	10.4	26.6	19.3	0.2	0.0
29-Jul	31.8	0.4	1.6	-0.5	9.0	25.2	18.8	0.2	0.0
30-Jul	31.8	0.4	1.6	-0.5	7.5	23.7	18.3	0.2	0.0
31-Jul	31.8	0.4	1.7	-0.4	6.1	22.3	17.9	0.2	0.0
1-Aug	32.8	0.4	1.7	-0.4	4.6	20.8	17.5	0.2	0.0
2-Aug	32.9	0.4	1.7	-0.4	3.3	19.5	17.2	0.2	0.0
3-Aug	33.6	0.4	1.8	-0.4	2.1	18.3	16.8	0.2	0.0
4-Aug	34.8	0.4	1.8	-0.3	1.O	17.1	16.5	0.2	0.0
5-Aug	36.1	0.4	1.7	-0.3	-0.2	16.0	16.2	0.2	0.0

The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

#### Bureau of Meteorology Seasonal and Monthly Outlooks

