

# **Crop Report**

8-Oct-2024

Andrew H Ware: Heddle Minnipa

Crop: Wheat Cultivar: Calibre

Sowing details: 150 plants/m<sup>2</sup> on 1-Jun Expected maturity date: 19-Nov

#### Paddock Details

Initial conditions date: 22-Feb

Soil: Red sandy clay loam (Minnipa No909)

1000 mm max rooting depth

500 kg/ha of Lentil Stubble:

No till

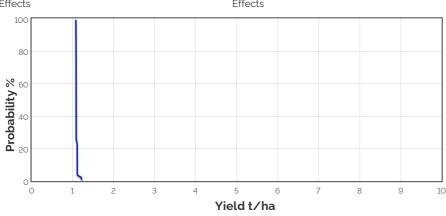
#### Grain Yield Outcome

**☑**Nitrogen limited Yield

■Nitrogen limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects

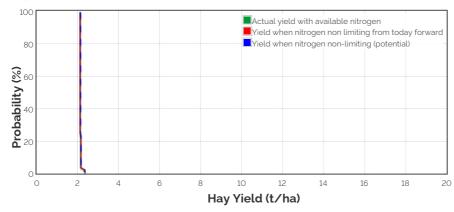
**☑**Water limited Yield

Water limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each year of the climate record. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

#### Hay Yield Outcome



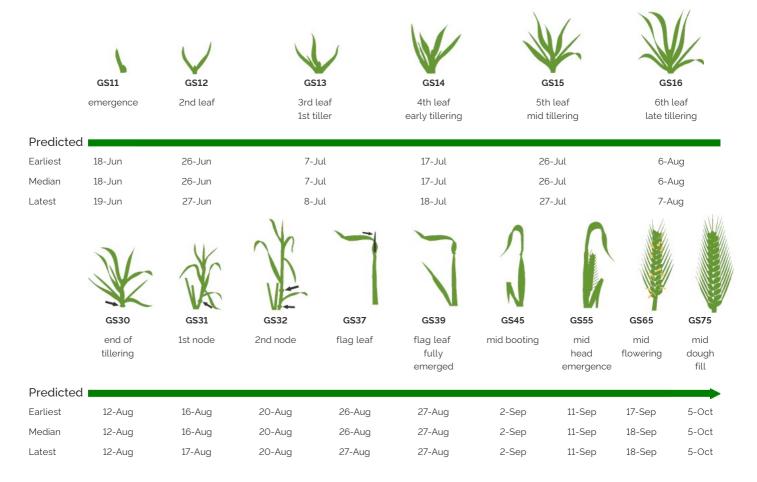
This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 2656.3737617962693kg/ha

#### The Season So Far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles



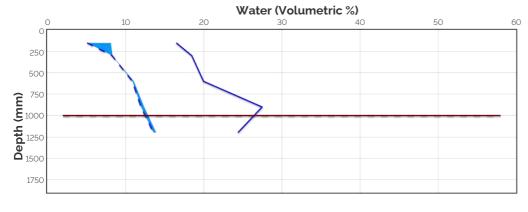
# Simulated and Predicted Crop Growth Stage



# Probability and Incidence of Frost and Heat Shock

rost damage during		Heat damage during grain fill				
Probability		Probability This Season		This Season		
nild to 0°C during		0%	0	mild 32 to 34°C	38%	0
owering				moderate	19%	0
noderate to -2'C uring owering & arly grain fill		0%	0	34 to 36°C SeVere Above 36°C	11%	0
evere 0% ess than e?C during owering & rain fill	0					

#### **Current Distribution of PAW**



PAW
PAW Deficit
CLL
DUL
Current rooting depth
Final rooting depth

Current root depth = 1000 mm Median final root depth = 1000 mm Current crop PAW available to roots = 7 mm

Total Soil PAW = 8 mm PAWC = 139 mm

PAW = Plant Available Water

**CLL** = Crop Lower Limit or Wilting Point

**DUL** - Drained Upper Limit or Field Capacity

PAWC = Plant Available Water Capacity

**Current Crop PAW** = Soil water currently accessible to the roots down to the current rooting depth

Soil PAW = Total accessible soil water in the soil profile

#### Water Budget

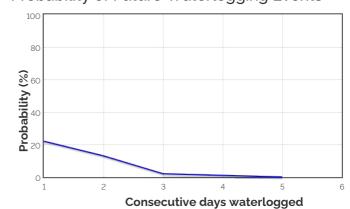
Initial PAW status @ 22-Feb Rainfall since 22-Feb Irrigations Evaporation since 22-Feb Transpiration since 22-Feb Deep drainage since 22-Feb Run-off since 22-Feb

Current PAW status:

29 mm 136.2 mm 113 mm 99 mm 0 mm

0 mm

## Probability of Future Waterlogging Events

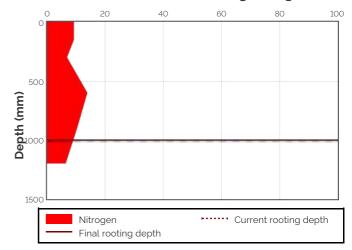


#### Nitrogen Budget

Initial N status @ 22-Feb 60 kg/ha 50 kg/ha N mineralisation since 22-Feb N tie up since 22-Feb 0 kg/ha N applications 1-May: 16 kg/ha 31-May : 24 kg/ha 17-Jul: 34.5 kg/ha Total N in plant 82 kg/ha De-nitrification since 22-Feb 0 kg/ha Leaching since 22-Feb 0 kg/ha **Current N status:** 54 kg/ha

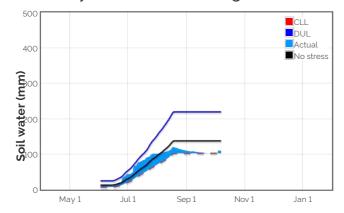
Median N mineralisation to maturity = 31.0076340131605 kg/ha Median N tie up to maturity = 0 kg/ha

# Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)



Current Crop Available N = 42 kg/ha Total Soil N = 54 kg/ha

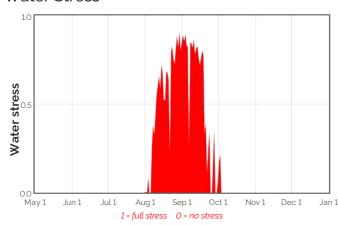
## Availability of Water to Growing Roots



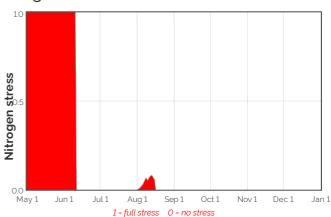
## Availability of Soil Nitrogen to Growing Roots



#### Water Stress



## Nitrogen Stress



Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

# Median projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser

Date	Growth	Evap.	Water	N use	Water avail. to roots	Water avail. to roots	N avail.	MineralisationN tie up	
	Stage	(mm)	use	(kg/ha)	above stress threshold	above CLL (mm)	to roots	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha)
			(mm)		(mm)		(kg/ha)		
9-Oct	77.3	0.4	0.0	-0.3	-29.2	5.9	41.5	0.2	0.0
10-Oct	77.8	0.4	0.0	-0.2	-29.6	5.5	41.3	0.2	0.0
11-Oct	78.2	0.4	0.0	-0.2	-30.0	5.1	41.1	0.2	0.0
12-Oct	78.7	0.3	0.0	-0.2	-30.4	4.7	41.0	0.2	0.0
13-Oct	79.1	0.3	0.0	-0.1	-30.7	4.4	40.9	0.2	0.0
14-Oct	79.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	-31.1	4.0	40.9	0.2	0.0
15-Oct	80.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	-31.4	3.7	40.9	0.2	0.0
16-Oct	80.5	0.3	0.0	0.0	-31.7	3.4	40.9	0.2	0.0
17-Oct	81.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	-32.0	3.1	41.0	0.1	0.0
18-Oct	81.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	-32.3	2.8	41.0	0.1	0.0

The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

# Bureau of Meteorology Seasonal and Monthly Outlooks

