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YIELD PROPHET

Crop Report

19-Sep-2025

Andrew H Ware: Heddle Minnipa

Crop: Wheat

Cultivar: Calibre

Sowing details: 150 plants/m^2 on 9-Jun

Expected maturity date: 29-Nov

Paddock Details

Initial conditions date: 20-May

Soil: Red sandy clay loam (Minnipa No909)
1000 mm max rooting depth

Stubble: 1000 kg/ha of Lentil
No till

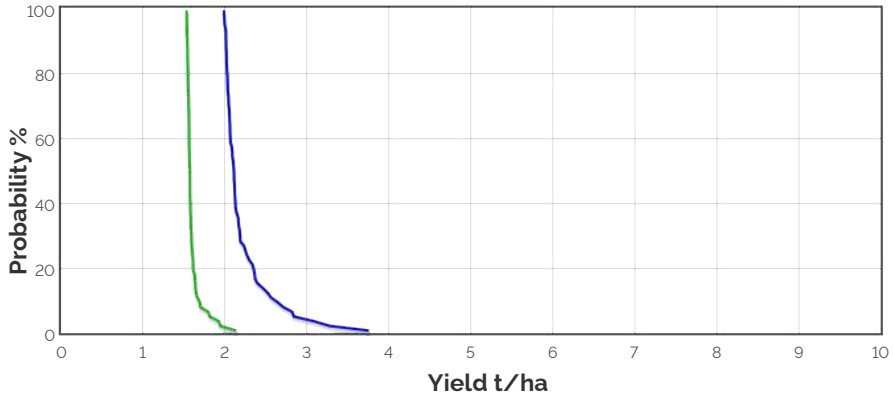
Grain Yield Outcome

☑ Nitrogen limited Yield

☐ Nitrogen limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects

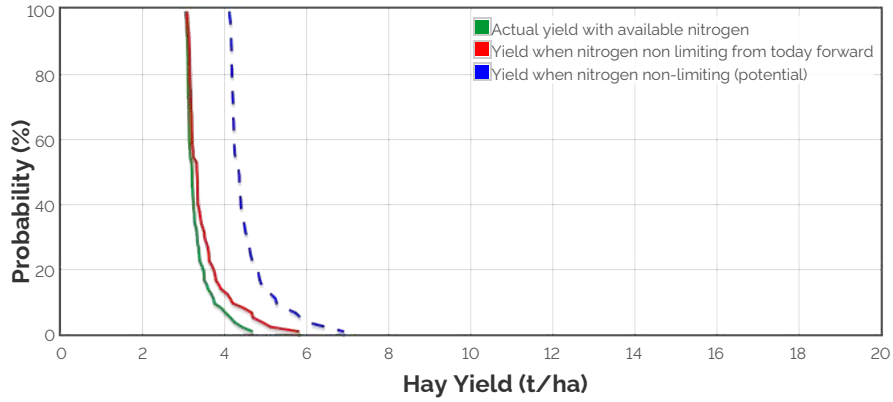
☑ Water limited Yield

☐ Water limited Yield with Frost and heat Effects



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of yield outcomes this season. It takes into account your pre-season soil moisture, the weather conditions so far, soil N and agronomic inputs. The long term record from your nominated weather station is then used to simulate what would have happened from this date on in each year of the climate record. The yield results are used to produce this graph.

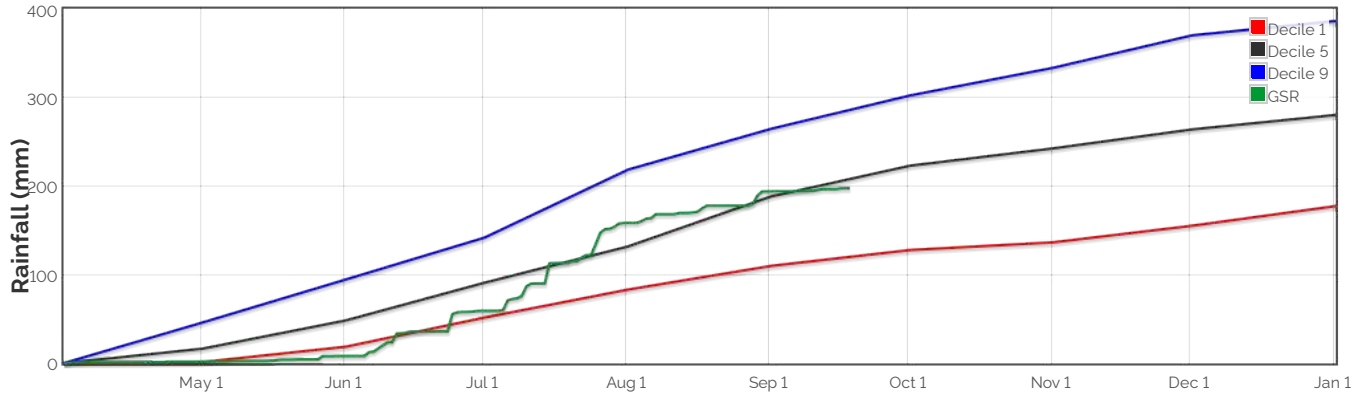
Hay Yield Outcome



This graph shows the probability of exceeding a range of hay yield outcomes this season. It takes into account the same factors as the grain yield graph above. When above ground dry matter is below 2t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be 70% of dry matter, with a moisture content of 13%. When dry matter is between 2 and 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 70 and 75% of dry matter (sliding scale). When dry matter is above 12t/ha, hay yield is assumed to be between 75 and 80% (sliding scale).

Current dry matter: 3484.737200583902kg/ha

The Season So Far - Growing Season Rainfall Deciles



Simulated and Predicted Crop Growth Stage

	GS11	GS12	GS13	GS14	GS15	GS16
	emergence	2nd leaf	3rd leaf 1st tiller	4th leaf early tillering	5th leaf mid tillering	6th leaf late tillering
Predicted						
Earliest	27-Jun	4-Jul	14-Jul	24-Jul	4-Aug	13-Aug
Median	27-Jun	4-Jul	14-Jul	24-Jul	4-Aug	13-Aug
Latest	27-Jun	4-Jul	14-Jul	24-Jul	4-Aug	13-Aug

	GS30	GS31	GS32	GS37	GS39	GS45	GS55	GS65	GS75
	end of tillering	1st node	2nd node	flag leaf	flag leaf fully emerged	mid booting	mid head emergence	mid flowering	mid dough fill
Predicted									
Earliest	19-Aug	25-Aug	29-Aug	7-Sep	7-Sep	14-Sep	22-Sep	27-Sep	12-Oct
Median	19-Aug	25-Aug	29-Aug	7-Sep	7-Sep	14-Sep	23-Sep	29-Sep	15-Oct
Latest	19-Aug	25-Aug	29-Aug	7-Sep	7-Sep	14-Sep	25-Sep	2-Oct	18-Oct

Probability and Incidence of Frost and Heat Shock

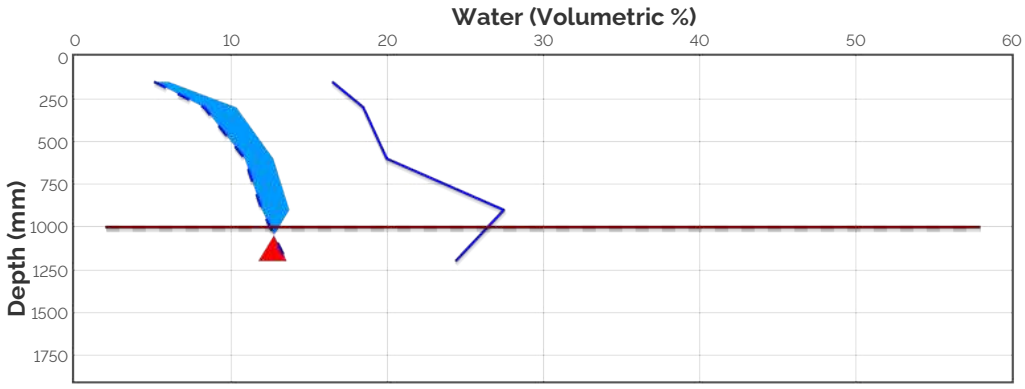
Frost damage during flowering

	Probability	This Season
mild 2 to 0°C during flowering	4%	0
moderate 0 to -2°C during flowering & early grain fill	0%	0
severe Less than -2°C during flowering & grain fill	0%	0

Heat damage during grain fill

	Probability	This Season
mild 32 to 34°C	69%	0
moderate 34 to 36°C	46%	0
severe Above 36°C	33%	0

Current Distribution of PAW



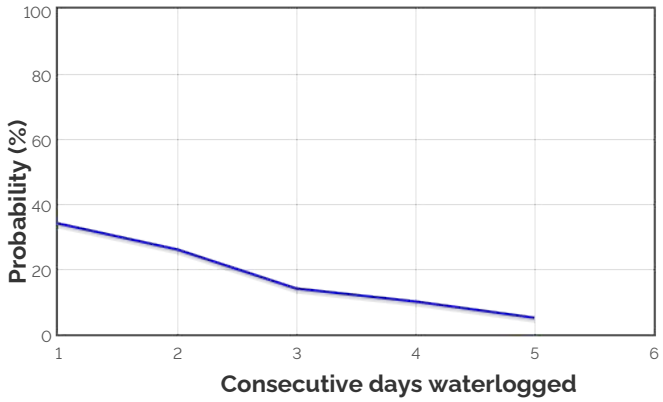
Current root depth = 1000 mm
Median final root depth = 1000 mm
Current crop PAW available to roots = 14 mm
Total Soil PAW = 15 mm
PAWC = 139 mm

PAW = Plant Available Water
CLL = Crop Lower Limit or Wilting Point
DUL = Drained Upper Limit or Field Capacity
PAWC = Plant Available Water Capacity
Current Crop PAW = Soil water currently accessible to the roots down to the current rooting depth
Soil PAW = Total accessible soil water in the soil profile

Water Budget

Initial PAW status @ 20-May	2 mm
Rainfall since 20-May	193.7 mm
Irrigations	
Evaporation since 20-May	101 mm
Transpiration since 20-May	99 mm
Deep drainage since 20-May	0 mm
Run-off since 20-May	1 mm
Current PAW status:	**15 mm**

Probability of Future Waterlogging Events

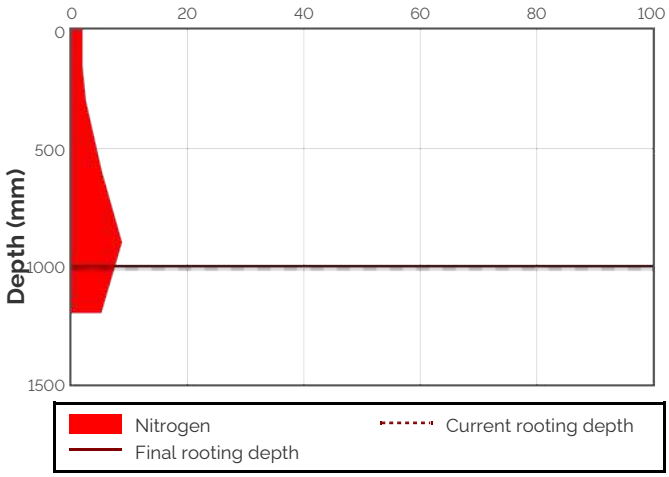


Nitrogen Budget

Initial N status @ 20-May	58 kg/ha
N mineralisation since 20-May	20 kg/ha
N tie up since 20-May	0 kg/ha
N applications	
	1-May : 30 kg/ha
Total N in plant	57 kg/ha
De-nitrification since 20-May	0 kg/ha
Leaching since 20-May	0 kg/ha
Current N status:	**25 kg/ha**

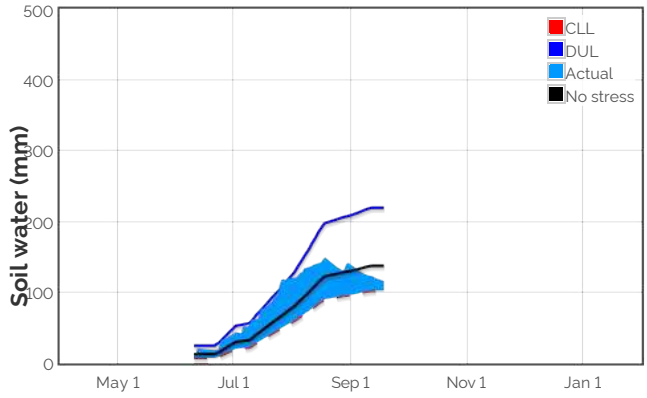
Median N mineralisation to maturity = 32.2439721220058 kg/ha
Median N tie up to maturity = 0 kg/ha

Current distribution of soil nitrogen (kg/ha)

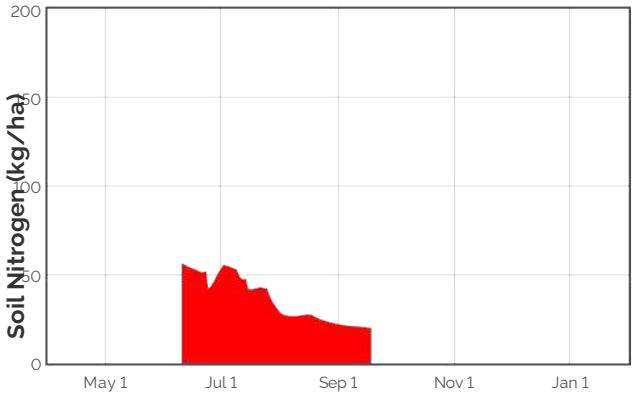


Current Crop Available N = 20 kg/ha
Total Soil N = 25 kg/ha

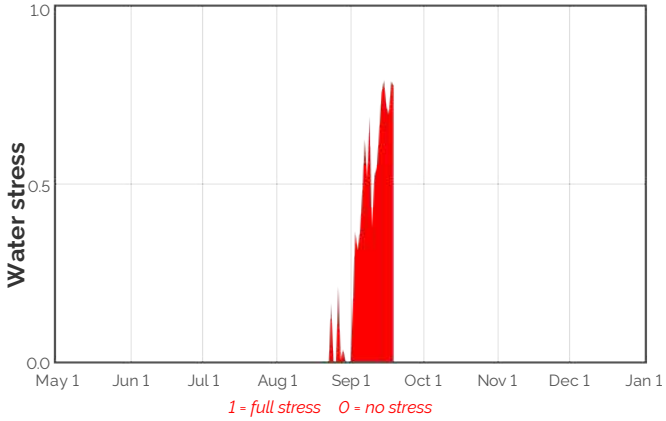
Availability of Water to Growing Roots



Availability of Soil Nitrogen to Growing Roots

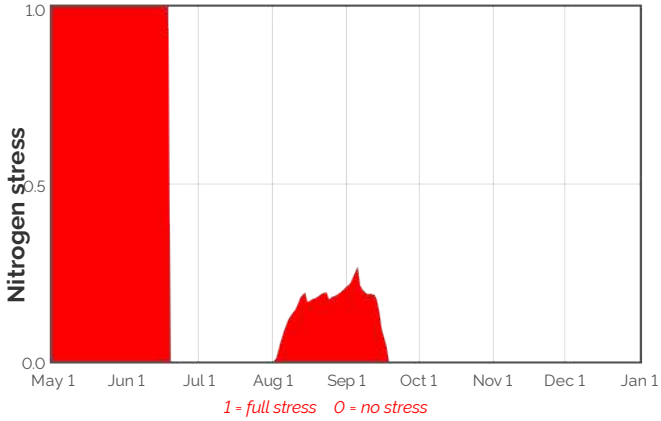


Water Stress



1 = full stress 0 = no stress

Nitrogen Stress



1 = full stress 0 = no stress

Brief periods of mild to moderate stress do not necessarily lead to reduced yield. To see the likely impacts of additional nitrogen fertiliser rates use the Nitrogen and Nitrogen Profit reports.

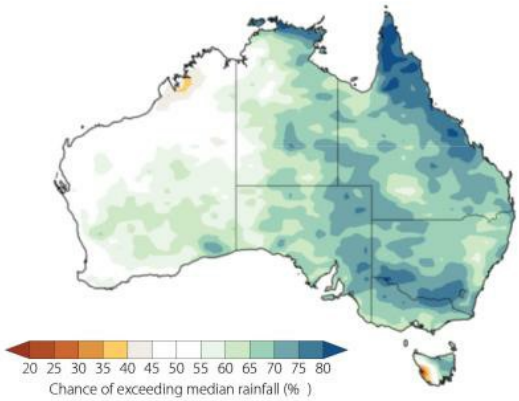
Median projected crop performance and requirements for the next 10 days assuming no rain and no added fertiliser

Date	Growth Stage	Evap. (mm)	Water use (mm)	N use (kg/ha)	Water avail. to roots above stress threshold (mm)	Water avail. to roots above CLL (mm)	N avail. to roots (kg/ha)	Mineralisation (kg/ha)	N tie up (kg/ha)
20-Sep	52.2	0.3	2.7	-0.1	-22.5	12.6	19.8	0.2	0.0
21-Sep	53.3	0.3	2.5	-0.1	-23.3	11.8	19.7	0.2	0.0
22-Sep	54.3	0.3	2.5	-0.1	-24.1	11.0	19.6	0.2	0.0
23-Sep	55.8	0.2	2.6	-0.1	-24.9	10.2	19.6	0.2	0.0
24-Sep	57.6	0.2	2.2	-0.1	-25.6	9.5	19.5	0.2	0.0
25-Sep	59.4	0.2	2.3	-0.1	-26.2	8.9	19.4	0.2	0.0
26-Sep	61.2	0.2	2.2	-0.1	-26.9	8.2	19.3	0.2	0.0
27-Sep	63.1	0.2	2.3	-0.1	-27.5	7.6	19.3	0.2	0.0
28-Sep	64.8	0.2	2.1	-0.1	-28.1	7.0	19.2	0.2	0.0
29-Sep	65.8	0.2	1.8	-0.1	-28.7	6.4	19.2	0.2	0.0

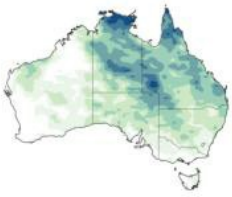
The water available to roots above the stress threshold is the amount of PAW (mm) above one third of the total water holding capacity of this soil. If the water values are below this stress threshold the water available to roots above the stress threshold will be negative.

Bureau of Meteorology Seasonal and Monthly Outlooks

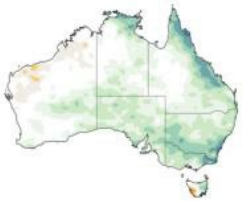
3 MONTH RAINFALL OUTLOOK FOR OCTOBER TO DECEMBER



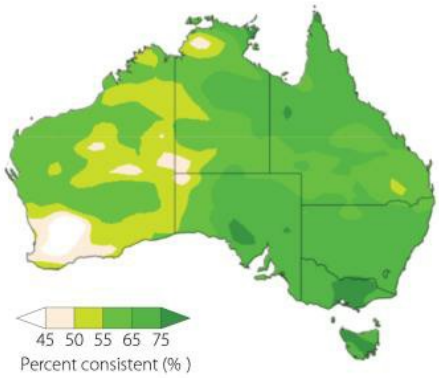
OCTOBER RAINFALL OUTLOOK



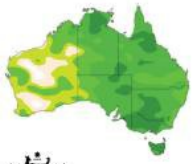
NOVEMBER RAINFALL OUTLOOK



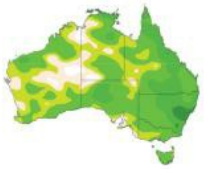
PAST ACCURACY FOR OCTOBER TO DECEMBER



PAST ACCURACY FOR OCTOBER



PAST ACCURACY FOR NOVEMBER



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